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10/567,539	01/05/2007	Wilhelm Ardes	4441.75877	9308
24978 7590 09/23/2008 GREER, BURNS & CRAIN 300 S WACKER DR		EXAMINER		
		GONZALEZ, MADELINE		
25TH FLOOR CHICAGO, II			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/567,539	ARDES, WILHELM	
Examiner	Art Unit	
MADELINE GONZALEZ	1797	

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		MADELINE GONZALEZ	1/9/	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apper r Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ldress
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failur Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA assiss of time may be available under the provisions of 3 CFR 1:3 SIX (s) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. On the communication of the communication	TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim Il apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	I.  lely filed  the mailing date of this of (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
2a)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 Au</u> This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This: Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. ce except for formal matters, pro		e merits is
Dispositi	on of Claims			
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>15-35</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>15-35</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	n from consideration.		
Applicati	on Papers			
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed onis/are: a) ☐ acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the d Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examination	pted or b)□ objected to by the E lrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 C	
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a)[	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign    ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☑ Certified copies of the priority documents  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau see the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Applicative documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National	Stage
Attachmen	t(s)			
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	(PTO-413) ite	

3) N. Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SE/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2/7/06.

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date
5) Notice of Informal Patent Application
6) Other:

Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20080920

#### DETAILED ACTION

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

<u>Claims 15-19, 2630, 33 and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being</u> anticipated by Baumann (U.S. 5,538,626).

With respect to **claims 15 and 33**, Baumann discloses a filter 1, as shown in Fig. 1, having:

- a filter socket having a mounting flange 24 that can, in a sealing manner, be connected to a companion flange 7 on the associated apparatus to form a flange connection;
- at least one fluid duct 73 for supplying fluid to be filtered from the apparatus to
  the fluid filter and one fluid duct 74 for discharging filtered fluid from the filter
  to the apparatus extending through said flange connection;
- a sealing plate 20 arranged to close off at least one section of at least one of said fluid ducts, such as duct 73, said sealing plate 20 having at least one through opening 23 that is sealed against the companion flange 7 and being arranged flush with an apparatus-side fluid duct 73,

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 a surface area of said sealing plate 20, as seen on a plane of said flange connection, being smaller than a surface area of said mounting flange 24; and

- said sealing plate 20 being inserted in said filter socket in a sealing manner and forming a part of said filter socket; and
- a third fluid duct 25 being a drain duct, as shown in Fig. 1.

With respect to **claim 16**, Baumann discloses wherein said fluid filter includes an oil or fuel filter for an internal combustion engine (see col. 1, lines 6-7).

With respect to **claim 17**, Baumann discloses wherein at least two separate sealing plates are provided, the second sealing plate composed by element 3 and valve 39, one sealing plate being allocated to each of said at least two fluid ducts 73, 74, extending through said flange connection, as shown in Fig. 1.

With respect to claim 18, Baumann discloses wherein, as a third fluid duct, an unpressurized drain duct 25 arranged to drain the fluid filter upon replacement of a filter element of the filter extends through the flange connection 24, as shown in Fig. 1.

With respect to claims 19 and 34, Baumann discloses wherein at least three separate sealing plates are provided, one sealing plate being allocated to each of said at least three fluid ducts extending through said flange connection, the third sealing plate being element 26, as shown in Fig. 1.

With respect to **claim 26**, Baumann discloses wherein said sealing plate 20, at its through opening, is provided with an axially acting sealing ring 22 surrounding said through opening and projecting in a direction of the companion flange, as shown in Fig. 1.

With respect to **claim 27**, Baumann discloses wherein a peripheral axially acting seal 22 is provided in parallel to an outer contour of said mounting flange 24 and arranged therein, said seal 22 enclosing said through opening, as shown in Fig. 1.

With respect to claim 28, Baumann discloses wherein said seal 22 simultaneously seals the fluid duct 73 in the flange connection that is not extending through said through opening in said sealing plate 20, as shown in Fig. 1.

With respect to claim 29, Baumann discloses wherein the fluid duct 74 not extending through said through opening in said sealing plate is separately sealed by its own sealing means 22 and said seal encloses the fluid duct in said flange connection not extending through said through opening in said sealing plate, as shown in Fig. 1.

With respect to claim 30, Baumann discloses wherein said axially acting seal 22 is a sectional seal, as shown in Fig. 1.

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 20-25, 31, 32 and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baumann (U.S. 5,538,626) in view of Koivula et al. (U.S. 6,187,191) [hereinafter Koivula] and Steger, Jr. et al. (U.S. 6,554,140) [hereinafter Steger].

With respect to **claim 20**, Baumann **lacks** the specific material of the filter socket and the sealing plate, i.e., plastic, and the sealing plate being one of welded and glued to the filter socket.

With respect to the specific material of the filter socket and the sealing plate, i.e., plastic: Koivula teaches a filter socket formed at an end of casing 7, and a sealing plate 16, both made of a plastic material (see col. 3, lines 7-9, and 26-27). It would have been obvious to make the socket and sealing plate disclosed by Baumann from a plastic material as taught by Koivula, in order to provide resistant and durable parts, since plastic is a well known material used in the manufacture of filtering parts.

With respect to the sealing plate being one of welded and glued to the filter socket: Steger teaches the use of adhesive to secure a plate 22 (sealing plate) to the shell 23 (socket). It would have been obvious to use adhesive as taught by Steger to connect the sealing plate to the socket in order to secure the sealing plate to the socket (see col. 3. lines 49-51).

With respect to **claim 21**, Baumann discloses wherein said sealing plate 20, at its through opening, is provided with a pipe socket 3 having a radially acting sealing ring, wherein said pipe socket projects towards the companion flange and can be inserted in an apparatus-side fluid duct, as shown in Fig. 1.

With respect to claim 22, Koivula further teaches a sealing ring 17 inserted between the filter socket and the sealing plate 16, as shown in Fig. 1.

With respect to **claim 23**, Koivula further teaches wherein said sealing ring 17 acts radially, as shown in Fig. 1.

With respect to **claim 24**, Koivula further teaches wherein said radially acting sealing ring 17 is a standard O-ring (see col. 3, lines 26-28).

With respect to claim 25, Koivula further teaches wherein said sealing ring 17 acts axially, as shown in Fig. 1.

With respect to claim 31, Koivula further teaches the sealing plate is produced as an injection-molded part (see col. 3, lines 26-27). Baumann and Koivula lacks the socket produced as an injection molding part and the specific type of plastic, i.e., polyamide.

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With respect to the sealing plate produced as an injection-molded part: It would have been obvious to make the filter socket as an injection-molded part, since injection molding is a well known process of producing plastic products. Furthermore claim 31 is considered to be a product-by-process claim since it is drawn to a product, i.e., a fluid filter, but it includes a process step of making the product, i.e., "produced as injection-molded parts". "Even though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process" (see MPEP 2113 [R-1], In re Thorpe, 777 F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (FED. Cir. 1985)).

With respect to the specific type of plastic to make the sealing plate and socket, i.e., polyamide: Baumann teaches the use of polyamide to make the face end disks. It would have been obvious to use polyamide to make the sealing plate and socket in order to provide a material that allow a complete thermal processing after being used (see col. 5, lines 54-59).

With respect to **claim 32**, Baumann discloses wherein said metal is one of aluminum and magnesium and said filter socket and said sealing plate are produced as die casting parts (see col. 5, lines 41-45).

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With respect to **claim 35**, Baumann discloses wherein said filter socket and said sealing plate are parts made of metal (see col. 5, lines 41-45) and said sealing plates are inserted into said filter socket and fixed therein. Koivula further teaches a sealing ring 17 inserted between the filter socket and the sealing plate 16, as shown in Fig. 1. It would have been obvious to provide a sealing ring between the socket and the plate in order to leak-proof the connection.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MADELINE GONZALEZ whose telephone number is (571)272-5502. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David R. Sample can be reached on 571-272-1376. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Madeline Gonzalez Patent Examiner September 20, 2008

> /Krishnan S Menon/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1797